

POSTAL CORPORATION OF KENYA

STAFF PENSION SCHEME

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

30 JUNE 2022



Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Scheme information For the year ended 30 June 2022

Trustees

The Trustees who served during the year and to the date of this report were:

Mr. John Gikandi Thongori-Re-appointed on 3 March 2020Mr. Erick Kipkemei Bett-Appointed on 3 March 2020Ms. Zuleikha Mohamed-Appointed on 3 March 2020Mr. Moses Mugo Mwai-Appointed on 25 March 2021Mr. Joseph Tele-Appointed on 25 March 2021Mr. Julius Opini-Appointed on 14 January 2021

Trust secretary

Mr. Elijah K. Koskey

Registered office

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme NHIF building, 9th floor P. O. Box 46621 – 00100 NAIROBI.

Investment managers

Sanlam Investments East Africa Limited Africa Re Center, 5th floor Hospital Road, Upper Hill P. O. Box 67262 - 00200 NAIROBI.

Old Mutual Investment Group (Kenya) Limited Old Mutual Centre, Junction of Mara and Hospital roads, Upper Hill P. O. Box 30059 - 00100 NAIROBI.

Independent auditor

Mazars LLP Certified Public Accountants (K) 3rd Floor, Suite 8. The Green House, Adams Arcade P. O. Box 61120 – 00200 NAIROBI.

Tel: (+254) 20 3861175/6/9; (+254) 20 2517101/3 Cell phone: (+254) 722 440 270 / 734 440 270

Email: contact@mazars.co.ke Website: www.mazars.co.ke

Custodian

Stanbic Bank Limited
3rd floor, Stanbic Centre, Chiromo road
P. O. Box 30550 – 00100
NAIROBI.

Actuaries

Zamara Actuaries, Administrators & Consultants Limited Landmark Plaza, 10th Floor, Argwings Kodhek Road P. O. Box 52439 - 00200 NAIROBI.

Principal bankers

Standared Chartered Bank Kenya Limited Kenyatta Avenue Branch NAIROBI.

Kenya Commercial Bank Limited Milimani - Capital Hill Satelite Branch NAIROBI.

1 Trustees in office

During the financial year under review the following Trustees served in the Board of Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme.

Name of Trustee	Age	Category (member elected, sponsor nominated or professional)	Number of BOT meetings attended	Certified (Yes / No)	Highest qualification	Membership of other boards
Mr. Erick Bett	62	Sponsor nominated	6	Yes	Diploma	None
Mr. John Thongori	59	Sponsor nominated	6	Yes	Bachelor's degree	None
Ms. Zuleikha Mohamed	58	Sponsor nominated	6	Yes	Bachelor's degree	None
Mr. Moses Mugo Mwai	59	Member elected	6	Yes	Diploma	None
Mr. Julius Opini	56	Sponsor nominated	6	Yes	Masters degree	None
Mr. Joseph Tele	56	Member elected	6	Yes	Masters degree	None

2 Board meetings

The Board of Trustees held six (6) meetings during the year ending 30 June 2022. The meetings were held on the dates set out hereunder:

Date of meeting	Board members present
Thursday, 19 August 2021	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele
Wednesday, 3 November 2021	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele
Tuesday, 16 November 2021	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele

2 Board meetings (Continued)

Date of meeting	Board members present
Monday, 29 November 2021	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele
Thursday, 17 February 2022	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele
Wednesday, 25 May 2022	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele

3 Joint meetings of the Board

The Board of Trustees of Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme jointly with Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme held Two (2) meetings during the year ending 30 June 2022 to deliberate on joint Administration matters. The meetings were held on the dates set out hereunder:

Date of meeting	Board members present	
Tuesday, 14 December 2021	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele	
Tuesday, 28 June 2022	Mrs. Zuleikha Mohamed Mr. Eric Bett Mr. John Thongori Mr. Moses Mwai Mr. Julius Opini Mr. Joseph Tele	

4 Composition of the Board of Trustees

Gender mix	Female: - 17% Male: - 83%
Skills mix	Financial skills: Nil
Age mix	Below 35 years of age: None Above 35 years of age: All

5 Committees of the Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees have three committees to help it deliver its duties effectively. The committees are constituted as follows:

Finance and investments committee

The committee held six (6) meetings during the year ended 30 June 2022. The Board members who constitute this committee are:

Committee members	Number of meetings attended
Mr. Joseph Tele	Six
Mr. John Thongori	Six
Mr. Julius Opini	Six

Audit and risk committee

The committee held three (3) meetings during the year ended 30 June 2022. The Board members who constitute this committee are:

Committee members	Number of meetings attended
Mr. Eric Bett	Three
Mr. Moses Mwai	Three

Administration and communication committee

The committee held three (3) meetings during the year ended 30 June 2022. The Board members who constitute this committee are:

Committee members	Number of meetings attended	
Mr. Eric Bett	Three	
Mr. John Thongori	Three	

6 Fiduciary responsibility of the Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees is the governing body of the Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme and is responsible for the corporate governance of the Scheme. The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that the administration of the Scheme is conducted in the best interest of the Scheme's members and the sponsor. To achieve this, the Trustees embraced their fiduciary responsibility by:

- a) Acting honestly and did not improperly use inside information or abuse their position;
- b) Exercising the highest degree of care and diligence in the performance of their duties that a reasonable person in a like position would exercise in the circumstances; and
- c) Performing their duties with the requisite degree of skills.

The Scheme has complied with the laws, regulations and guidelines that govern retirement benefits schemes and the Scheme's business operations.

The Trustees have ensured that the fund manager has carried out all Scheme investments and that all Scheme assets and funds are held by the custodian.

7 Responsibility as a corporate citizenship

The Scheme has participated in socially responsible investment and operations and has not been involved in any activity that may undermine the well-being of the sponsor, members or the community in which it operates.

8 Key outcomes

The Board of Trustees seeks to achieve the following:

- a) Building trust with the members and sponsor of the Scheme so that they are satisfied with the administration of the Scheme;
- b) Supporting innovation and developing solutions that meet the members' and sponsor's needs; and
- c) Ensuring that the Scheme's administrative processes remain transparent and accessible to members and the sponsor.

The Board of Trustees has also been sending quarterly reports to the sponsor detailing the activities that have taken place in each quarter.

9 Annual General Meeting

The Board of Trustees held the 2021 Annual General Meeting (AGM) on 30th June, 2022 via a hybrid method comprising Live Broadcasting through KBC, Zoom and Social media platforms. The meeting was used as a forum to communicate all Scheme activities in the financial year and also to sensitize members on the various channels available in getting information and also raising their complaints.

9 Trustees remuneration policy

Mr. Joseph Tele

During the year under review, the Trustees were paid a gross sum of Kshs. 2,244,290 as Trustees allowances.

The payment complied with the Trustee Remuneration Policy of the Scheme as consented to by the sponsor on advice of the Scheme Actuary, and was approved by members at the Annual General Meeting held on 30 June

The Board and individual Trustees undertook Board evaluation in the year under review. The Board review process is facilitated externally and the process takes the form of e-board questionnaire.

Mr. Julius Opini

The Trustees present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

1 Establishment, nature and status of the scheme

The scheme was established under an irrevocable trust, and is governed by a Trust Deed dated 20 February 2003 and as subsequently amended with deeds of amendment and closure dated 29 January 2011. The scheme commenced operations on 1 January 2002.

It is a defined benefit scheme and provides, under the rules of the scheme, retirement benefits for the staff of Postal Corporation Kenya or their nominated beneficiaries.

The scheme was closed to new entrants and contributions effective 1 January 2010 and the sponsor set up a new defined contribution scheme for future accrual of benefits effective 1 January 2010 in compliance with the Treasury Circular No. 18 of 2010.

The Accrued (past service) benefits in respect of the scheme's in-service members at the closure date are revalued at the lower of the actual salary increase and a maximum of 3% per annum over the period to retirement or earlier exit from service. In addition, pensions in payment and deferred pensions are entitled to a pension increase of 3% every 3 years.

2 Registration

The scheme is registered under the Retirement Benefits Act (Scheme reference number 01336 and certificate number 155). The Scheme is an exempt approved plan under the Income Tax Act.

3	Membership	2022	2021
	Contributing members Deferred members Pensioners Dormant members	1,227 242 1,934 112 3,515	1,564 246 1,795 - 3,605
	(a) Active members At start of year Less: Leavers At end of year	1,564 (337) 1,227	1,712 (148) 1,564
	(b) Deferred members At start of year Add: Members whose benefits were deferred Less: Leavers Adjustments	246 10 (14)	307 23 (89) 5
	At end of year (c) Pensioners At start of year Add: Joiners Less: Leavers Frozen pensioners	1,795 149 (23) 13	1,632 167 (17) 13
	At end of year	1,934	1,795

3 Membership (Continued)

(d) Dormant members	2022	2021
At start of year Add: Joiners	- 112	-
At end of year	112	

Deferred members comprise of those members who have left employment service of the founder and have left all or part of their benefit within the scheme.

4 Financial review

The statement of changes in net assets available for benefits on page 13 shows a decrease in the net assets of the Scheme for the year of Kshs. 433,388,895 (2021: an increase of Kshs. 137,333,476) and the statement of net assets available for benefits on page 14 shows the Scheme's net assets as Kshs. 5,377,762,576 (2021: Kshs. 5,811,151,471).

5 Investment of funds

Under the terms of their appointment, Sanlam Investments East Africa Limited and Old Mutual Investments Group (Kenya) Limited are responsible for the investment of funds. The overall responsibility for investment and performance lies with the Trustees.

The full investment allocation as at the end of the year was as follows:

	Amount Kshs	Portfolio percentage	RBA limit percentage
Offshore investments	22,391,614	0.42%	15.00%
Cash balances	45,596,755	0.85%	5.00%
Fixed and call deposits	77,777,495	1.45%	30.00%
Local and regional quoted equities	385,973,492	7.18%	70.00%
Kenya government securities	1,616,458,479	30.06%	90.00%
Investment property	3,222,000,000	59.91%	30.00%
	5,377,824,665		

6 Actuarial position

The last actuarial valuation was completed as at 30 June, 2021 by Ruparelia Consultants Limited (RCL), an independent firm of actuaries. The results of the valuation were as follows:

W-L- 10001

	Ksns. 7000
Actuarial liabilities in respect of current pensioners and beneficiaries	2,689,237
Actuarial liabilities in respect of active members	2,039,394
Actuarial liabilities in respect of deferred members	113,271
Administrative expenses reserve	348,000
Total actuarial liability	5,189,902
Actuarial value of assets	(5,811,151)
Actuarial surplus	(621,249)

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Report of the Trustees (Continued) For the year ended 30 June 2022

6 Actuarial position (Continued)

The valuation results show that the actuarial value of assets was more than the actuarial value of liabilities in respect of past service benefits for in-service members at the closure date as at 30 June 2021 by Kshs. 621,249,000. The funded ratio for the scheme was 111.97% which is more than the statutory minimum funding requirement of 100% prescribed in the Retirement Benefits Act (minimum funding level and winding up of schemes) Regulations 2000. The next statutory actuarial valuation is due by 30 June 2024.

7 Auditor

The Scheme's auditor, Mazars LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the terms and conditions of the engagement.

October_2022

By order of the Trustees

Name. Trust secretary

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The Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000 requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements in a prescribed form for each financial year. They also require the Trustees to ensure that the scheme keeps proper accounting records of its income, expenditure, liabilities and assets, and that contributions are remitted to the custodian in accordance with the rules of the scheme. They are also responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free of material misstatements whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making reasonable estimates that are appropriate in the circumstances. The Trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the scheme.

The Trustees accept responsibility for the audited annual financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Scheme) Regulations, 2000.

The Trustees are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the scheme and of the disposition of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits falling due after the end of the year. The Trustees further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records which may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as for safeguarding the assets of the scheme and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees certify that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information furnished to the auditors for the purpose of the audit was correct and complete in every respect.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Trustees to indicate that the scheme will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approved by the Board of Trustees on

7 october

2022 and signed on its behalf by:-

As. Zuleikha Mohamed

Mr. Erick Kipkemei Bett

Mr. Joseph Tele

Mr. John Gikandi Thongori

Mr. Moses Mugo Mwai

Mr. Julius Opini

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Report of the Independent Auditor

To the members of Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme set out on pages 13 to 34, which comprise the statement of net assets available for benefit as at 30 June 2022, the statements of changes in net assets available for benefit and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the scheme as at 30 June 2022 and of the disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards and the Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the scheme in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kenya, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

Investment property limit

Without qualyfying our opinion, we draw attention to note 13 of the financial statements with respect of allocation of investments of the scheme where investment property is above the limit set out in the Retirement Benefits Act, 1997.

Trustees' responsibility for the financial statements

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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Report of the Independent Auditor

To the members of Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme (Continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is CPA Alphonse Karungu - Practising Certificate number 856.

Signed for and on behalf of:

Mazars LLP Certified Public Accountants (K) Nairobi.

2022

The October

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Statement of changes in net assets available for benefits For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Contributions and benefits			
Transfers in	4	-	24,826,963
Less: Payments to and on account of leavers	5	(461,298,435)	(408,758,252)
Net withdrawal from dealings with members		(461,298,435)	(383,931,289)
Return on investments			
Investment income Change in fair value of financial assets Change in fair value of investment property Less: Investment management expenses Net return on investments	6 7 12 8	334,362,662 (186,374,088) (a) - (40,755,081) 107,233,493	337,918,784 53,788,079 330,000,000 (64,259,999) 657,446,864
Less: Administrative expenses	9	(79,323,953)	(136,182,099)
(Decrease) / increase in net assets for the year		(433,388,895)	137,333,476
Net assets available for benefits at start of the year		5,811,151,471	5,673,817,995
Net assets available for benefits at end of the year		5,377,762,576	5,811,151,471

Non-current assets	Note	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Intangible assets Property and equipment Investment property Investments at fair value and amortised cost	10 11 12 (a) 12 (b)	854,224 3,581,845 3,222,000,000 2,110,227,910	1,411,952 4,275,782 3,222,000,000 2,500,059,262 5,727,746,996
Current assets		5,336,663,979	5,727,740,990
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents Current liabilities	14 15	62,521,473 45,596,755 108,118,228	57,590,941 71,534,324 129,125,265
Unpaid benefits and other payables	16	67,019,631	45,720,790
Net current assets		41,098,597	83.404,475
Total net assets available for benefits		5,377,762,576	5,811,151,471
Financed by			
Members' balances	17	5,377,762,576	5,811,151,471

The financial statements on pages 13 to 34 were approved by the Trustees on _

7 obtober 2022 and

signed on their behalf by:

Ms. Zuleikha Mohamed

Mr. Erick Kipkemei Bett

Mr. Joseph Tele

Mr. John Gikandi Thongori

Mr. Moses Mugo Mwai

Mr. Julius Opini

	Note	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Cash flows from operating activities			
Transfers in from other schemes Benefits paid Administrative expenses paid Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	4	(461,456,218) (24,561,740) (486,017,958)	24,826,963 (427,790,732) (44,669,785) (447,633,554)
Investment income received Investment management expenses paid Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of property and equipment Capital expenditure on investment property Purchase of quoted equities Purchase of treasury bonds Purchase of treasury bills Treasury bills maturing within 90 days Purchase of offshore investments Sale of quoted equities Sale of treasury bonds Sale of treasury bills Sale of treasury bills Sale of offshore investments Net cash generated from investing activities Net movement in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at start of year	10 11 12 (a) 12 (b) 12 (b) 12 (b) 15 12 (b)	308,150,613 (40,371,751) (10,784,287) (1,184,867) - (10,337,704) (440,046,223) (140,500,000) - (7,000,000) 103,630,120 532,404,218 71,654,159 - - 365,614,278 (120,403,680)	290,010,519 (93,028,343) (2,117,928) (1,679,350) - (9,612,352) (164,774,205) (62,336,820) 18,902,036 (21,000,000) 93,384,965 277,674,164 109,566,937 45,600,000 480,589,623 32,956,069 210,821,861
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	15	243,777,930 123,374,250	243,777,930
Cash and cash equivalents	.0	120,011,200	2.0,,000
Bank balances Fixed and time deposits maturing within 90 days Treasury bills maturing within 90 days Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	15	45,596,755 77,777,495 - 123,374,250	71,534,324 153,341,570 18,902,036 243,777,930

1 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with and comply with International Financial Reporting Standards, the Retirement Benefits Act, 1997 as amended, and with the Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000.

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustees. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits that fall due after the end of the year.

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (KShs) and are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the carrying of certain investments at fair value.

Measurement basis

The measurement basis used is the historical cost basis except where otherwise stated in the accounting policies summarised below.

For those assets and liabilities measured at fair value, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company uses market observable data as far as possible. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, it is estimated by the scheme using valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs (e.g. by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items or discounted cash flow analysis). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset / liability that market participants would take into account.

Fair values are categorised into three levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised by the company at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

b) New and revised standards

i) Adoption of new and revised standards already effective

One new Standard, one new Interpretation and a number of Amendments to standards became effective for the first time in the financial year beginning 1st January 2019 and have been adopted by the Scheme. Neither the Amendments nor the Interpretation has had an effect on the Scheme's financial statements, but the new Standard has had an impact, as follows:

- b) New and revised standards (Continued)
- i) Adoption of new and revised standards already effective (Continued)

IFRS 16: Leases

From 1st January 2019, to comply with IFRS 16, Leases, which replaced IAS 17, Leases, the Scheme now recognises lease liabilities relating to leases under which the Scheme is the lessee that had previously been classified as operating leases (other than leases with less than 12 months to run from 1st January 2019 and leases of low value items). Such liabilities have been measured at 1st January 2019 at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted using the Scheme's incremental borrowing rate as at 1st January 2019. Corresponding right-of-use assets have been recognised, measured as if the Scheme's new accounting policy had been applied since the commencement of each lease but discounted using the Scheme's incremental borrowing rate as at 1st January 2019. The difference between the lease liabilities and right-of-use assets at 1 January 2019 has been recognised as an adjustment to retained earnings at that date. As permitted by the transition provisions in the new Standard, comparative amounts have not been restated.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurements.

The Scheme has adopted IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. There were no transition adjustments highlighted.

IFRS 9 also changes the classification and measurement of financial assets. The category of available-for-sale investments (where fair value changes were deferred in reserves until disposal of the investment) has been replaced with the category of financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (for most investments) and the category of financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (for qualifying equity investments).

Classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities

The following table and the accompanying notes below explain the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for each class of the scheme's financial assets and financial liabilities.

There were no transition adjustments.

	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification	Carrying amount under
Financial assets			Kshs
Trade and other receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	335,708,299
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	2,183,328,076
Financial liabilities			- ;;
Trade payables and accrued expenses	Other financial liabilities	Other financial liabilities	67,019,631

- b) New and revised standards (Continued)
- i) Adoption of new and revised standards already effective (Continued)

Expected credit loss (ECL) assessment as at 30 June 2022

Receivables

Properties receivables	Net Outstanding	Impairment Loss	Expected loss rate
Customer Not Due	(7,086,222)	-	0%
Customer 0-30	4,403,712	-	0%
Customer 31-60	3,864,332	-	0%
Customer 61-90	3,926,940	-	0%
Customer 91-180	4,332,216	-	0%
Customer 181-360	27,379,532	4,563,255	17%
Over 361	236,366,316	236,366,316	100%
	273,186,826	240,929,572	
Trustees Overlay		*	
Actual % Percentage recovery 2023 Final Provision as at 30.06.2022		- 240,929,572	0%

The Trustees monitor the credit ratings of counterparties regularly guided by cash and carry policy and at the reporting date has authorised a provision of Kshs. 240,929,572 from non-performance by the counterparties which represents the part exposure to credit loss.

Dividends receivables	Net Outstanding	Impairment Loss	Expected loss rate
Customer Not Due	-	-	0%
Customer 0-30	11,674,154	-	0%
Customer 31-60	-	-	0%
Customer 61-90	-	-	0%
Customer 91-180	-	-	0%
Customer 181-360	-	-	0%
Over 361	-	-	0%
	11,674,154	-	
TrusteesOverlay			
Actual % Percentage recovery 2023 Final Provision as at 30.06.2022		-	0%

The Trustees monitor the credit ratings of counterparties regularly guided by cash and carry policy and at the reporting date no provisions were passed.

- b) New and revised standards (Continued)
- i) Adoption of new and revised standards already effective (Continued)

Expected credit loss (ECL) assessment as at 30 June 2022

Other receivables	Net Outstanding	Impairment Loss	Expected loss rate
Customer Not Due	-	-	0%
Customer 0-30	7,818,678	-	0%
Customer 31-60	-	-	0%
Customer 61-90	-	-	0%
Customer 91-180	-	-	0%
Customer 181-360	-	-	0%
Over 361	39,470,096	39,470,096	100%
	47,288,774	39,470,096	
TrusteesOverlay Actual % Percentage recovery 2023 Final Provision as at 30.06.2022		(39,470,096)	100%

The Trustees monitor the credit ratings of counterparties regularly guided by cash and carry policy and at the reporting date no provisions were passed.

Movements in the impairment allowance for trade and other receivables are as follows:

2022 Kshs

At 30 June	(269,628,281)
Receivable written off during the year as uncollectible	(28,698,709)
Increase in provision during the year	(5,367,296)
Opening provision provision for impairment of trade receivables	(235,562,276)

As at 30 June 2022 trade receivables of Kshs. 240,929,572 (2021: Kshs. 235,562,276) were past due and fully impaired. The receivables due at the end of the financial year relate to customers who are yet to apply cash and cash policy and have since shown not intent to clear the balances.

The main factors considered by the Trustees in determining that the amounts due are impaired are that the customers are unlikely to be able to recommence trading for some time, the debts are 3 months or more past due and there is currently uncertainty over on payments.

All non-current receivables are due within 1 year of 30 June 2022. None of those receivables has been subject to a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and, consequently, 12 month expected credit losses have been recognised, and there are no non-current receivable balances lifetime expected credit losses.

- b) New and revised standards (Continued)
- i) Adoption of new and revised standards already effective (Continued)

Expected credit loss (ECL) assessment as at 30 June 2022

Cash and cash equivalents

The Scheme held cash and cash equivalents of Kshs 2,183,328,076. The cash and cash equivalents are held and rated on S&P Global Ratings, Fitching and Moody's as below:

	Rating		Probability of	
Name of bank	agency	Credit rating	Defaut rates	
Equity Quoted-Local	GCR	A1	0.00%	
Equity Quoted-Offshore	GCR	A1	0.00%	
Fixed,Time & Call Deposits	Fitching	B+	1.42%	
Corporate Bonds	Fitching	B+	1.42%	
Government Bonds	Fitching	B+	1.42%	
Treasury Bills	Fitching	B+	1.42%	
Stanbic Bank Account	Fitching	B+	0.00%	
Standard Chartered Bank Account	Fitching	B+	3.16%	
Kenya Commercial Bank Account	Fitching	B+	3.16%	
Cash In Hand - Imprest	N/A	N/A	0.00%	

Name of bank	Amount, Kshs	Probability of default rates	Loss given default (Balance x PD x EAD)
Quoted equity - local	385,973,492	0.00%	-
Offshore investments	22,391,614	0.00%	-
Fixed, time & call deposits	78,897,844	1.42%	1,120,349
Corporate bonds	7,736,691	1.42%	109,861
Government bonds	1,529,708,152	1.42%	21,721,856
Treasury bills	112,249,204	1.42%	1,593,939
Stanbic Bank accounts	21,584,953	0.00%	-
Standard Chartered Bank accounts	9,862,811	3.16%	311,665
Kenya Commercial Bank accounts	14,641,114	3.16%	462,659
Cash in hand - imprest	282,201	0.00%	-
	2,183,328,076		25,320,329

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents has been measured on a 12-month expected credit loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Corporation considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties

IC	JW Cledit HSK based	on the external credit	railings of the coul	illerparties.	

Movements in the impairment allowance for Cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

2022 Kshs

Opening provision provision for impairment of Cash and Cash equivalent Decrease during the year

36,872,571 (11,552,242) 25,320,329

At 31 June

b) New and revised standards (Continued)

ii) New and revised standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective

At the date of authorization of these financial statements, various new and revised standards and interpretations became effective. Where applicable to the scheme, the trustees have assessed the potential impact of the new and revised standards and interpretations and expect that they will not have a significant impact on the scheme's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

iii) Early adoption of standards

The Scheme did not early adopt any new or amended standards in year ended 30 June 2022.

c) Contributions and benefits

Contributions and benefits payable are recognised in the period in which they fall due.

d) Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

e) Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Schemes' rights to receive payment have been established.

f) Taxation

The Scheme is a registered pension scheme and is, therefore, exempt from tax.

g) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Kenya Shillings on rates of exchange ruling at the end of reporting period. Transactions during the year which are expressed in foreign currencies are translated at rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the statement of changes in net assets.

h) Quoted investments

Quoted investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at market values as at 30 June 2022.

For financial instruments traded in an organised financial market, fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices.

i) Government securities

Government securities comprise treasury bills and treasury bonds, which debt securities are issued by the Government of Kenya.

Treasury bills are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised cost while treasury bonds are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at fair value.

j) Corporate bonds

Corporate bonds are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at fair value.

k) Off-shore investments

Offshore investments are translated into Kenya Shillings at the exchange rate ruling on 30 June 2022. These investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at market value.

I) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances, treasury bills maturing within three months from date of aquisition and demands deposits.

m) Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the scheme becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

i) Receivables

Receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement at cost, receivables are subsequently re-measured to amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are those which were either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price or dealer's margin, or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit-taking exists. Investments classified as fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at cost and subsequently re-measured to fair value based on quoted bid prices or dealer price quotations, without any deduction for transaction costs. All related realised and unrealised gains and losses are included in the statement of changes in net assets. Interest earned whilst holding held for trading investments is reported as interest income.

iii) Held to maturity investment

Held to maturity financial investments are those which carry fixed or determinable payments and have fixed maturities and which the Scheme has the intention and ability to hold to maturity.

After initial measurement, held to maturity financial investments are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any allowances for impairment.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The amortisation and losses arising from impairment of such investments are recognised in the statement of changes in net assets.

iv) Available for sale financial assets

Investment securities intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity, or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale and are initially recognised at cost. Available for sale investments are subsequently re-measured to fair value, based on quoted bid prices or amount derived from cash flow models. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of securities classified as available for sale are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and loss on monetary assets which are recognized in profit or loss. When the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to the statement of changes in net assets.

n) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Scheme reviews the carrying amounts of its financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of changes in net assets whenever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Scheme generates revenues for the members by investing in various income generating activities which involve trading in the stock exchange, trading in government and other securities and offshore investments. These activities expose the Scheme to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk and the effects of changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Scheme's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Trustees together with the investment managers under policies approved by the Trustees. The investment managers review the market trends and information available to evaluate the potential exposures. They then arrive at strategies to mitigate against market risks. The Trustees provide written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. The Scheme also follows guidelines issued by the Retirements Benefits Authority in respect of maximum investment in different types of investments.

a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Scheme operates mainly within Kenya and its assets and liabilities are reported in the local currency. The Scheme also invests internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from investment in offshore investments.

The Scheme's evaluation of currency risk is low because the funds are held for a long term period and any currency losses are expected to be recouped through interest income received and which comprises the value of the fund. The investment manager manages foreign exchange risk by limiting offshore investments to strategic range of 15% of total portfolio.

At 30 June 2022, if the Shilling had weakened / strengthened by 5% against the USD dollar with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease respectively in net returns on investments would amount to approximately Kshs. 329,983 (2021: Kshs. 31,955).

2 Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

a) Market risk (Continued)

i) Foreign exchange risk (Continued)

Since the above do not constitute trading activities, the scheme does not manage foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial activity but only re-values the assets and liabilities at the prevailing exchange rates at the end of the year.

ii) Price risk

The Scheme is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments in quoted shares classified at fair value through profit and loss. The Scheme is also exposed to the risk that the value of debt securities will fluctuate due to changes in market value. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity and debt securities, the Scheme diversifies its portfolio. For equities, the Scheme has invested in companies in different sectors of the economy, while for debt securities; the Scheme has invested in bonds of varying maturities. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with resolutions passed on investments during quarterly trustees meetings. All quoted shares held by the Scheme are traded on the Nairobi Securities Exchange (NSE).

At 30 June 2022, if the prices of all equity investments had increased / decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in net assets would amount to Kshs. 7,052,875 (2020: Kshs. 6,477,087). Holding all other factors constant, an impact of a 5% increase or decrease in prices of treasury bonds would have increased or decreased net assets by Kshs. 3,816,041 (2021: Kshs. 673,885).

b) Liquidity risk

The Scheme is required to make periodic payment in respect of pension payments when members retire from the Scheme, and is therefore exposed to the risk of difficulty in raising funds to make such payments. It therefore invests a portion of its assets in investments that are readily convertible to cash. The investment managers monitor the Scheme's liquidity on a regular basis and the trustees review it on a quarterly basis. The undiscounted liabilities payable after year end were:

	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Unpaid benefits and other payables	67,019,631	45,720,790

c) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits, interest bearing investments and deposits with banks. As part of the credit risk management system, the investment manager and the Trustees monitor and review information on significant investment. The Trustees have approved a larger portfolio investment with the Government of Kenya debt securities which have a low credit risk and no default record. The credit risk for liquid funds and bank balances is limited because the counter parties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by the regulator. For other investments the Trustees ensure that the issuers of the investments have been assessed so as to reduce the risk of non-recoverability of the amounts invested as well as the interest accrued

The amount that best represents the Scheme's maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2022 is made up as follows:

2 Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

c) Credit risk (Continued)

o, cream near (commission)	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Government securities	1,616,458,479	1,704,555,744
Fixed and time deposits	77,777,495	153,341,570
Bank balances	45,596,755	71,534,324
Corporate bonds	7,626,830	
	1,747,459,559	1,929,431,638
	· ·	

None of the above financial assets are past due or impaired. There are no collateral held against these assets. There are no concentration risks as the investments are diversified.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements in applying the accounting policies

In the process of applying the scheme's accounting policies, the Trustees have made estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These are dealt with

Held to maturity investments

The Scheme follows the guidance of IFRS 9 on classifying non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity as held-to-maturity. This classification requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Scheme evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the Scheme fails to keep these investments to maturity other than for the specific circumstances - for example, selling an insignificant amount close to maturity - it will be required to reclassify the entire class as available-for-sale. The investments would therefore be measured at fair value not amortised cost.

Impairment losses on financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the scheme reviews the carrying amounts of its financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of changes in net assets whenever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

4	Transfers in	2022 Kshs	2021 K shs
	Receipts from other schemes		24,826,963
	This represents amounts received from PCK SPF (in liquidation) in respect	of upgraded membe	ers.
5	Benefits paid and on account of leavers	2022 Kshs	2021 K shs
	Lumpsum retirement benefits Monthly pensions Death benefits	184,726,409 267,043,409 9,528,617 461,298,435	152,165,734 248,409,828 8,182,690 408,758,252
6	Investment income		
	Dividends from quoted equities Interest on term deposits Interest on treasury bonds Interest on corporate bonds Discount on treasury bills Rental income Rebate commission Miscellaneous income Gain on sale of quoted equities Loss on sale / maturity of treasury bonds Gain on sale of corporate bonds	27,988,029 4,534,045 220,201,521 621,179 4,034,064 88,850,955 - 917,357 152,732 (12,937,220)	21,720,413 6,271,074 214,002,323 2,054,119 3,479,193 85,571,990 - 3,506,271 3,592,864 (2,654,968) 375,505
		334,362,662	337,918,784
7	Change in fair value of financial assets		
	Fair value (loss) / gain on quoted equities Fair value loss on treasury bonds Fair value (loss) / gain on offshore investments Fair value gain on corporate bonds Decrease / (increase) in provision (IFRS 9)	(141,057,490) (76,320,819) (6,599,667) 9,175 37,594,713 (186,374,088)	129,541,732 (13,477,704) 639,093 - (62,915,042) 53,788,079
8	Investment management expenses		
	Residential investment property expenses Commercial investment property expenses Management fees Custody fees	10,454,600 21,222,931 6,429,256 2,648,294 40,755,081	9,904,950 45,520,552 6,053,791 2,780,706 64,259,999

9	Administrative expenses	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
	Staff costs	14,196,418	14,628,278
	Actuarial fees	2,277,200	1,389,000
	Audit fees	556,017	480,980
	RBA levy	5,000,000	5,000,000
	Trustee allowances and expenses	5,016,320	8,380,771
	Members annual general meeting expenses	2,290,614	3,119,603
	Office rent, service charge and car parking fees	3,128,623	2,342,382
	Subscriptions and annual licences	1,754,974	2,349,820
	Insurance	1,026,935	1,331,638
	Training and development	243,420	626,834
	Legal fees	726,656	359,708
	Printing and stationery	286,051	398,436
	Motor vehicle running costs	223,100	80,223
	Travel and subsistence	2,367,188	910,905
	Advertising	-	389,988
	Bank and other transaction charges	2,472,871	2,082,097
	Journals and periodicals	40,570	43,256
	Office equipment repairs and maintenance	39,221	246,583
	Depreciation on property and equipment	805,061	553,496
	Amortisation of intangible assets	443,586	3,367,760
	Other administrative expenses	895,723	821,263
	IFRS 9 consultancy fees	1,467,400	-
	Increase in provision for doubtful debts	34,066,005	87,279,078
		79,323,953	136,182,099
10	Intangible assets		
	Cost		
	At start of the year	24,815,633	22,697,705
	Additions	222,372	2,117,928
	At end of the year	25,038,005	24,815,633
	Amortisation		
	At start of the year	23,403,681	17,734,051
	Charge for the year	780,100	5,669,630
	At end of the year	24,183,781	23,403,681
	Net book value		
	NET DOOK VAINE	854,224	1,411,952

11 Property and equipment

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	Motor vehicles Kshs	Furniture and fittings Kshs	Office equipment Kshs	Computers Kshs	Total Kshs
Cost / valuation	Kalla	Kalla	Kalla	Kalla	Kalla
At 1 July 2020	6,883,445	7,939,927	1,128,757	10,277,673	26,229,802
Additions	-	-	404,990	1,274,360	1,679,350
Revaluation	2,640,000				2,640,000
At 30 June 2021	9,523,445	7,939,927	1,533,747	11,552,033	30,549,152
At 1 July 2021	9,523,445	7,939,927	1,533,747	11,552,033	30,549,152
Additions	100,000	391,987	-	692,880	1,184,867
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-
At 30 June 2022	9,623,445	8,331,914	1,533,747	12,244,913	31,734,019
Danvasiation					
Depreciation At 1 July 2020	6,883,445	7,890,134	1,014,207	9,553,773	25,341,559
Charge for the year	-	49,793	73,534	808,484	931,811
At 30 June 2021	6,883,445	7,939,927	1,087,741	10,362,257	26,273,370
At 30 Julie 2021	0,000,440	1,959,921	1,007,741	10,502,257	20,273,370
At 1 July 2021	6,883,445	7,939,927	1,087,741	10,362,257	26,273,370
Charge for the year	760,320	48,998	73,534	995,952	1,878,804
At 30 June 2022	7,643,765	7,988,925	1,161,275	11,358,209	28,152,174
Net book value					
At 30 June 2022	1,979,680	342,989	372,472	886,704	3,581,845
At 30 June 2021	2,640,000	-	446,006	1,189,776	4,275,782
Investments					
(a) Investment must					
(a) Investment pro	орепту	Value as at 1st	Capital	Market value	Value as at 30
Year ended 30 Jun	~ 2022	July Kshs	expenditure Kshs	gain Kshs	June Kshs
rear ended 30 Jun	e 2022	Valla	Kalla	Kalla	Kalla
IR18339 - L.R. 18 305: - Lantana Rd	370/VI/270 to	1,160,000,000	, -	-	1,160,000,000
IR18339 - L.R. 18 269: - Lantana Rd	370/VI/268 to	136,000,000	-	-	136,000,000
Nrb/Block 23/251/2 Likoni Lane	2 to 233: -	370,000,000	-	-	370,000,000
Voi/Block 1956/197		6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
LR No. Msa Block XXIV/114	KXIV/113 and	1,230,000,000	-	-	1,230,000,000
Ronald Ngala PO - 2	209/2300	320,000,000			320,000,000
Total		3,222,000,000	-		3,222,000,000

12 Investments (Continued)

(a) Investment property (Continu	ıed)			
Year ended 30 June 2021	Value as at 1st July Kshs	Capital expenditure Kshs	Market value gain Kshs	Value as at 30 June Kshs
IR18339 - L.R. 1870/VI/270 to 305: - Lantana Rd	577,500,000	-	582,500,000	1,160,000,000
IR18339 - L.R. 1870/VI/268 to 269: - Lantana Rd	104,000,000	-	32,000,000	136,000,000
Nrb/Block 23/251/2 to 233: - Likoni Lane	355,000,000	-	15,000,000	370,000,000
Voi/Block 1956/197	5,500,000	-	500,000	6,000,000
LR No. Msa Block XXIV/113 and XXIV/114	1,500,000,000	-	(270,000,000)	1,230,000,000
Ronald Ngala PO - 209/2300 Total	350,000,000 2,892,000,000		(30,000,000)	320,000,000

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Notes to the financial statements (Continued) For the year ended 30 June 2022

12 Investments (Continued)

(b) Investments at fair value and amortised cost

Year ended 30 June 2022	Value as at 1st July Kshs	Additions at cost Kshs	Disposals proceeds Kshs	Gain / (loss) on disposal Kshs	Accrued interest adjustment Kshs	IFRS 9 provision movement Kshs	Fair value change Kshs	Value as at 30 June Kshs
Quoted equities Treasury bonds Treasury bills Corporate bonds Offshore investments	620,170,666 1,662,907,061 41,648,683 21,991,282	10,337,704 440,046,223 140,500,000 7,570,000 7,000,000	(103,630,120) (532,404,218) (71,654,159)	152,732 (12,937,220)	(7,991,678) 395,636 157,516	32,503,865 (234,895) (109,861)	(141,057,490) (76,320,819) - 9,175 (6,599,668)	385,973,492 1,505,803,214 110,655,265 7,626,830 22,391,614
Fixed and time deposits	2,500,059,262	1,129,890,000	(1,209,240,000)	(12,784,488)	(97,437)	3,883,362	(223,968,802)	2,110,227,910
Year ended 30 June 2021 Quoted equities Treasury bonds Treasury bills Corporate bonds Offshore investments	570,808,683 1,844,774,350 89,359,807 46,163,526 352,191 2,551,458,557	9,612,352 164,774,205 62,336,820 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _	(93,384,965) (277,674,164) (109,566,937) (45,600,000)	3,592,864 (2,654,968) - 375,505 1,313,401	1,391,063 878,037 (939,031) - 1,330,069	(54,225,721) (1,359,044) - - (55,584,765)	129,541,732 (13,477,704) - 639,091 116,703,119	620,170,666 1,662,907,061 41,648,683 - 21,991,282 2,346,717,692
Fixed and time deposits	45,149,381	1,069,670,000	(956,970,000)	1,313,401	495,900	(60,588,476)	116,703,119	153,341,570

12 Investments (Continued)

The following table analyses investments other than shares (which have no fixed maturity) into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at 30 June 2022 to the contractual maturity date:

	Up to 1 year Kshs	1 to 2 years Kshs	Over 2 years Kshs	Total Kshs
Treasury bonds	259,884,093	8,071,550	1,237,847,571	1,505,803,214
Treasury bills	110,655,265		-	110,655,265
Corporate bonds		-	7,626,830	7,626,830
Fixed and time deposits	77,777,495	≅	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	77,777,495

The following table summarises the weighted average effective interest rates at the year-end on the main interest bearing investments:

	2022 %	2021 %
Treasury bonds	12.34%	12.44%
Corporate bonds	12.25%	0.00%
Fixed and time deposits	8.70%	6.60%

13	Investments allocation	Amount Kshs	Portfolio percentage	RBA limit percentage
	Offshore investments	22,391,614	0.42%	15.00%
	Cash balances	45,596,755	0.85%	5.00%
	Fixed and call deposits	77,777,495	1.45%	30.00%
	Local and regional quoted equities	385,973,492	7.18%	70.00%
	Kenya government securities	1,616,458,479	30.06%	90.00%
	Investment property	3,222,000,000	59.91%	30.00%
		5,377,824,665		

Investment property allocation is at 59.91% which is above the prescribed limit of 30.00% set by the Retirement Benefits Authority.

14	Accounts receivable	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
	Rent income receivable		
	 Due from Postal Corporation of Kenya (note 18) 	256,769,231	221,384,226
	- Due from other tenants	16,417,595	15,019,090
	Less: Provision for impairment	(269,628,281)	(235,562,276)
		3,558,545	841,040
	Dividend income receivable	11,674,154	4,536,982
	Due from PCK Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme (note 18)	44,695,805	39,470,096
	Other receivables	2,592,969	12,742,823
		62,521,473	57,590,941

14 Accounts receivable (Continued)

The Trustees have reviewed the collectability of accounts receivable and determined that a credit risk arises from rent receivable. In view of this, the Trustees have made a provision for the portion of receivables whose recovery is in doubt.

Provision for impairment losses is identified by long outstanding balances which the Trustees consider as uncollectable. Long outstanding balances identified from such analyses are considered for inclusion in the allowance for doubtful debts. The Scheme uses the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS 9) impairment model for providing for expected credit losses (ECLs).

Concentration of credit risk is significant since most of the rent receivable (about 94%) is from one single tenant (Postal Corporation of Kenya) which is Kshs. 256,769,231 (2021: Kshs. 221,384,226).

	Movement in impairment provisions	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
	At start of the year Adjustment	235,562,276	148,283,198
	Increase in provisions in the year	34,066,005	87,279,078
	At end of the year	269,628,281	235,562,276
15	Cash and bank balances		
	Custodial account	21,584,953	6,694,435
	Rent and operating accounts	24,503,925	66,931,095
	Cash at hand	282,201	235,360
	IFRS 9 provision	(774,324)	(2,326,566)
		45,596,755	71,534,324
	For purposes of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise	e of the following:	
	Cash and bank balances	45,596,755	71,534,324
	Fixed and time deposits maturing within 90 days	77,777,495	153,341,570
	Treasury bills maturing within 90 days		18,902,036
		123,374,250	243,777,930
16	Unpaid benefits and other payables		
	Unpaid benefits	19,407,702	19,565,485
	Rent and utility bills deposits	7,376,484	6,795,986
	Audit fees payable	556,018	480,981
	IFRS 9 consultancy fees payable	1,467,400	-
	Tenants refundable deposits	17,500,000	-
	Actuarial fees payable	1,348,800	556,800
	Fund management fees payable	749,832 394,022	293,628 466,896
	Custody fees payable RBA levy payable	5,000,000	5,000,000
	Penalties payable	158,333	-
	Sundry creditors	13,061,040	12,561,014
	,	67,019,631	45,720,790

17	Members balances	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
	At 1st July	5,811,151,471	5,673,817,995
	Transfers in	-	24,826,963
	Withdrawals for the year	(461,298,435)	(408,758,252)
	Investment income	334,362,662	337,918,784
	Fair value (loss) / gain on financial assets	(186,374,088)	53,788,079
	Fair value gain on investment property	-	330,000,000
	Investment management expenses	(40,755,081)	(64,259,999)
	Administrative expenses	(79,323,953)	(136, 182, 099)
	At 30th June	5,377,762,576	5,811,151,471

18 Contingent liabilities

i). Case I - Past service members vs. PCK Staff Pension Scheme Trustees

In the year 2017, some members of the scheme whose benefits were transferred from the previous scheme (Kenya Post and Telecommunication Corporation (KP&TC) Pension Scheme), filed a suit with the Retirement Benefits Authority citing that their benefits needed to be computed on the rules and regulations of the Kenya Post and Telecommunication Corporation (KP&TC) Pension Scheme and not Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme rules and regulations.

The Retirement Benefits Authority directed that the trustees of the scheme to recalculate the benefits for the concerned members using KPTC Pension Scheme, TelePosta Pension Scheme and PCK Staff Pension Scheme rules and regulations respectively based on the years of service under each employer and make the necessary adjustments.

Upon re-computation of the benefits based on the Retirement Benefits Authority directive, it emerged that the benefits paid to the concerned members were overstated and not understated as was initially thought. This scenario has been communicated to the Retirement Benefits Authority. However, the matter has not been concluded and the financial impact on the Scheme (if any exists) has not been determined.

ii). Case II - Maringo KP&TC Estate owners vs. PCK Staff Pension Scheme Trustees

The Trustees of the Scheme have a law suit in court with owners of Maringo KP&TC Estate in relation to disputed unpaid land rent and rates and the matter is on going. No liability has been recognised in these financial statements since in the opinion of the trustees the scheme has no legal standing to cater for the land rent and rates of the said estate. The lawyers however estimate that if the claimants succeed with the litigation, the likely liability would be Kshs. 5,000,000 in legal costs which may be awarded by the court against the scheme and a further Kshs. 5,000,000 which may be awarded against the scheme for the unpaid land rent and rates.

19 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise of the Trustees, the administrator, Postal Corporation of Kenya (the sponsor) and other schemes set up by the sponsor (Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme and Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Provident Fund). Receivables and payables as at year end in relation to related parties were as follows:

	2022 Kshs	2021 Kshs
Rent receivable from Postal Corporation of Kenya (note 13)	256,769,231	221,384,226
Due from PCK Staff retirement benefits scheme (note 13)	44,695,805	39,470,096

20 Capital commitments

The Scheme had no capital commmitments as at 30 June 2022.

21 Comparatives

Where necessary comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current vear.

Postal Corporation of Kenya
Staff Pension Scheme
Annual report and financial statements
For the year ended 30 June 2022

Appendix I - Regional quoted equities										
	Number of shares 30-Jun-2021 Units	Number of shares Additions Units	Number Number of shares Additions (Disposals) Units Units	Number of shares 30-Jun-2022 Units	Market value at 30-Jun-2021 Kshs	Purchases at cost Kshs	Disposal proceeds Kshs	Realised gain / (loss) on disposal Kshs	Unrealised market gain / (loss) Kshs	Market value at 30-Jun-2022 Kshs
ABSA Bank Kenya Plc Ord 0.50	506,880	ī		506,880	5,028,250	Ξ	٠		268,646	5,296,896
Diamond Trust Bank Kenya Ltd Ord 4.00	127,651	٠	(70,081)	57,570	7,563,322	,	(4,085,939)	(99,30)	(535,401)	2,875,622
Equity Group Holdings Plc Ord 0.50	1,777,500	•	(400,000)	1,377,500	79,543,125	•	(20,455,842)	2,555,842	(2,410,625)	59,232,500
KCB Group Plc Ord 1.00	1,842,409	1	(265,000)	1,577,409	78,578,744	r	(11,382,324)	80,074	(6,309,636)	60,966,858
Stanbic Holdings PIc ord.5.00	152,000	×	,	152,000	12,312,000	1	٠	t	2,698,000	15,010,000
Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Ltd Ord 5.00	50,114	1	ţ	50,114	6,502,317	,	T		(250,571)	6,251,746
The Co-operative Bank of Kenya Ltd Ord 1.00	1,391,481		(330,000)	1,061,481	19,202,438	1	(3,862,224)	(691,776)	(3,078,295)	11,570,143
TPS Eastern Africa Ltd Ord 1.00	212,757	×	(212,757)	,	2,978,598		(3,236,078)	257,480).
Bamburi Cement Ltd Ord 5.00	312,970	×	(312,970)	r	11,000,896	,	(10,838,500)	(162,395)	ì	ì
KenGen Co. Plc Ord. 2.50	2,915,889	,	(1,835,700)	1,080,189	11,488,603		(7,256,311)	23,653	(604,906)	3,651,039
Kenya Power & Lighting Co Plc Ord 2.50	560,373	,	(560,373)	1	784,522	•	(725,058)	(59,465)	í	x
Centum Investment Co Plc Ord 0.50	20,000	*	(20,000)	•	870,000		(740,775)	(129,225)	,	ì
East African Breweries Ltd Ord 2.00	351,790	,	(25,000)	326,790	63,586,043	,	(3,703,875)	(814,875)	(14,215,365)	44,851,928
Safaricom Plc Ord 0.05	7,737,800	248,000	(921,000)	7,064,800	320,731,810	10,337,704	(37,343,195)	(838,956)	(116,620,603)	176,266,760
Total					620,170,666	10,337,704	10,337,704 (103,630,121)	153,997	(141,058,755)	385,973,492

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Appendix II - Treasury bonds	ponds								Dirty / full	Unrealised		
	Historical	Nominal	Dirty / full					Realised	price	mkt gain /	Nominal	Dirty / full
	cost 30-Jun-2021	value 30-Jun-2021	mkt value 30-Jun-2021	Purchases cost	Purchases nominal	Disposal	Disposal	gain / (loss) on disposal	per 100 30-Jun-2021	(loss) 30-Jun-2021	value 30-Jun-2021	mkt value 30-Jun-2021
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
FXD1/2019/015	24,708,920	24,000,000	25,688,002	٠					100.5310	(1,569,042)	24,000,000	24,127,437
FXD1/2018/025	49,695,860	45,000,000	45,443,731		,	•	,	,	96.7920	(1,903,918)	45,000,000	43,556,380
FXD1/2011/020	23,287,518	25,000,000	22,105,806		,	,	í		83.7795	(1,167,809)	25,000,000	20,944,866
FXD1/2018/020	75,729,178	65,000,000	68,609,226	51,935,906	50,000,000		ı	·	99.2197	(8,297,352)	115,000,000	114,102,670
FXD2/2013/015	128,673,435	132,000,000	137,048,509	62,779,754	000'000'09		•		99.7157	(9,861,652)	192,000,000	191,454,084
FXD1/2009/015	10,693,593	10,000,000	10,863,162		,	(10,580,942)	(10,000,000)	(10,928)	104.3391			,
FXD1/2019/002	7,041,960		,	•		į			•	,		,
FXD2/2016/005	29,994,550	20,000,000	21,337,871			(20,000,000)	(20,000,000)	(77,845)	T	r	,	r
FXD1/2017/005	29,999,300	30,000,000	32,489,680	,	,	(20,847,251)	(20,000,000)	64,124	105.0768	(325,633)	10,000,000	10,507,685
FXD2/2017/005	45,015,400	45,000,000	48,098,888	•	,	(15,622,317)	(15,000,000)	(39,263)	103.6748	(973,792)	30,000,000	31,102,449
FXD1/2019/005	000'000'9	000'000'9	6,414,950		•	,	,	ī	103.8830	(183,835)	6,000,000	6,232,977
FXD2/2019/005	20,000,000	•		î		ï	•	ī	100.5188			
FXD2/2018/010	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,159,818	ī	,	r	ï	T	99.2139	(200,839)	5,000,000	4,960,697
FXD1/2019/010	16,029,442	16,000,000	17,067,507		ì	(16,077,555)	(16,000,000)	(290,144)	102.5757	,		
FXD1/2018/010	14,128,220	14,000,000	15,153,454	ï	ı	ì	1	,	104.1298	(580, 166)	14,000,000	14,578,168
FXD1/2017/010	14,910,750	15,000,000	16,806,710	ř	•	(10,629,633)	(10,000,000)	(19,154)	108.0273	(202,652)	5,000,000	5,401,366
FXD1/2016/010	10,000,000	10,000,000	12,028,706	ī	ī	(11,390,147)	(10,000,000)	(109,715)	114.4320	,		
FXD2/2010/010	27,649,300	¢	1	i	Ĺ	ı	,	1	T	1	,	
FXD1/2012/010	23,636,208	15,000,000	15,760,367	ı	,	(15,129,139)	(15,000,000)	(547,459)			2	
FXD1/2013/010	112,724,068	86,000,000	90,726,968	ı	r	,	,	T	102.5196	(2,589,372)	86,000,000	88,166,825
FXD1/2007/015	3,906,000	4,000,000	4,363,912	•	ī	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)	(182,264)			ı	
FXD2/2007/015	5,570,107	400,000	424,607	,	Î	(400,000)	(400,000)	(21,195)		1	3	
FXD1/2008/015	81,670,470	74,000,000	80,611,357		ī	(14,667,764)	(14,000,000)	(68,610)	105.5333	(2,061,157)	000'000'09	63,320,007
FXD1/2018/015	55,601,050	55,000,000	56,090,328	10,216,600	10,000,000	r		t	95.5720	(4,336,304)	65,000,000	62,121,799
FXD2/2018/015	60,126,800	000'000'09	62,270,814		î	(9,859,281)	(10,000,000)	(266,990)	97.0793	(3,370,189)	20,000,000	48,539,670
FXD2/2010/015	10,849,094	10,000,000	9,424,029	ĸ	1		•	1	92.0850	(218,005)	10,000,000	9,208,496
FXD1/2012/015	87,556,313	96,500,000	97,539,989	20,866,600	20,000,000	(79,685,022)	(83,000,000)	(1,525,658)	98.0497	(2,322,264)	33,500,000	32,846,653
FXD1/2013/015	72,580,817	80,000,000	82,419,592		•	(37,870,684)	(39,000,000)	(681,635)	98.8439	(1,726,696)	41,000,000	40,526,017
FXD2/2019/015	42,127,100	40,000,000	40,832,741		,			r	95.9148	(2,480,812)	40,000,000	38,365,922
FXD3/2019/015	62,064,400	62,000,000	63,868,766	τ	T	,	1	1	97.0277	(3,732,589)	62,000,000	60,157,196
FXD1/2008/020	56,930,248	55,700,000	61,005,266		T	(7,269,952)	(2,000,000)	(354,471)	104.8923	(2,274,400)	48,700,000	51,082,533
FXD1/2012/020	96,689,337	103,500,000	101,747,685	,	ı	•		,	92.4812	(6,063,731)	103,500,000	95,718,074
FXD1/2016/020	49,965,700	52,000,000	57,802,681		,		,	·	104.7298	(3,363,207)	52,000,000	54,459,473
Sub-total c/d	1,360,555,138	1,256,100,000	1,309,205,124	145,798,860	140,000,000	(274,029,688)	(273,400,000)	(4,131,206)		(59,805,416)	1,122,700,000	1,111,481,444

Postal Gorporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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ponds (
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Appendix II - II casally volids (collinated	y bonnes (conning								Dirty / full	Unrealised		
	Historical cost 30-Jun-2020	30-Jun	Dirty / full mkt value 30-Jun-2020	Purchases cost	Purchases nominal	Disposal proceeds	Disposal nominal	Realised gain / (loss) on disposal	price per 100 30-Jun-2021	mkt gain / (loss) 30-Jun-2021	Nominal value 30-Jun-2021	Dirty / full mkt value 30-Jun-2021
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Sub-total b/d	1,360,555,138	1,256,100,000	1,309,205,124	145,798,860	140,000,000	(274,029,688)	(273,400,000)	(4,131,206)		(59,805,416)	1,122,700,000	1,111,481,444
FXD2/2018/020	75,273,770	000'000'69	73,308,821		,				101.2333	(3,482,864)	000'000'69	69,850,979
FXD1/2019/020	50,145,084	44,000,000	44,082,959	3,008,760	3,000,000	,	,	,	96.1490	(2,002,147)	47,000,000	45,190,010
SDB1/2011/030	44,134,000	49,000,000	46,865,334	x	T	,	,	,	91.8069	(1,896,101)	49,000,000	44,985,386
IFB1/2009/012	12,487	•		ć	ï	1	r	1		•	ì	,
IFB1/2016/015	5,576,580	6,000,000	6,422,388		ï	(6,237,700)	(000,000)	(42,272)	98.6886	ı	¥	,
IFB1/2011/012	1,476,199	1,750,000	1,895,327		1		•		105.0613	(57,332)	1,750,000	1,838,573
IFB1/2013/012	10,820,949	í	r	×	ī	ī	,	,	101.6695		Ĭ	
IFB1/2014/012	37,477,943	38,050,000	40,178,517	•	í	(39,226,855)	(38,050,000)	(123,770)	100.7622		ï	
IFB1/2017/007	25,055,450	20,000,000	21,383,300	1	ı	1	ı	٠	102.8467	(820,820)	20,000,000	20,569,340
FXD2/2015/005	35,046,550	•	•	1	r	,		,	,		ï	
FXD1/2016/005	34,914,050	,		ı	í		•				ï	,
FXD1/2014/010	49,805,886	50,000,000	55,195,459	,	ī	(50,676,362)	(50,000,000)	(1,791,982)	106.6923	٠	•	
FXD3/2007/015	67,080,342	64,800,000	68,889,120	ï	ï	ì	,	,	103.0666	(2,124,246)	64,800,000	66,787,127
IFB1/2016/009	14,416,801	11,650,000	12,681,910	•	ř	1	ı	T	103.5623	(621,714)	11,650,000	12,065,008
IFB1/2015/012	19,402,600	12,000,000	12,792,732	ì	ĭ	٠	1	ť	101.4293	(624,840)	12,000,000	12,171,516
IFB1/2019/016	19,175,000	20,000,000	20,410,340	ï	ì	ì	Î	ì	94.5478	(1,507,240)	20,000,000	18,909,560
FXD3/2019/005	20,000,000	i			Y	1	E	1	100.0550	,	1	
IFB1/2021/018	7,000,000	1		,	•	•	•	×			1	
IFB1/2021/016	4,500,000	2,500,000	2,692,503	ì	1	(2,538,885)	(2,500,000)	(22,292)	100.2317	•		
FXD1/2010/025		·	r	r	τ	ı	r	1	85.2523	,	,	,
FXD1/2021/025	,	,	,	131,191,503	124,000,000	(99,324,209)	(100,000,000)	(7,259,351)	101.8300	(646,145)	24,000,000	24,439,192
FXD1/2021/005	1	ï		5,000,000	5,000,000	(4,886,532)	(2,000,000)	(113,468)	98.2919	,		ť
FXD1/2021/020		·		50,130,200	50,000,000	r	ı	•	101.8347	(1,724,366)	50,000,000	50,917,351
IFB1/2022/019		ì	,	29,883,300	30,000,000	(30,117,054)	(30,000,000)	233,754	103.5688	ı	,	1
FXD1/2022/015		,	î	35,593,750	35,000,000	ì	•	ï	102.9212	(456,098)	35,000,000	36,022,433
FXD3/2019/010	t			14,506,500	15,000,000	ì	,	ì	97.3365	(551,490)	15,000,000	14,480,234
IFB1/2021/002			ï	24,933,350	25,000,000	(25,366,933)	(25,000,000)	313,367	×	,	,	
Pre-acquisition interest		,	1,128,947	ï	ı	•	ı	i		r		(2,183,082)
Provision for ECL	t	1	(54,225,721)	1	ì	ī	ī	ī	,	,		(21,721,856)
	1,881,868,826	1,644,850,000	1,662,907,061	440,046,223	427,000,000	(532,404,218)	(529,950,000)	(12,937,220)	"	(76,320,819)	1,541,900,000	1,505,803,214

Appendix III - Treasury bills	Nominal		Accrued	Market	Purchases				Nominal		Accrued	Market
Reference	value 30-Jun-2021 Kshs	value Cost interest value 30-Jun-2021 30-Jun-2021 30-Jun-2021 Kshs Kshs Kshs Kshs	interest 30-Jun-2021 Kshs	value 30-Jun-2021 Kshs	nominal value Kshs	Purchases cost Kshs	Disposal cost Kshs	Disposal proceeds Kshs	value 30-Jun-2022 Kshs	Gost interest 30-Jun-2022 30-Jun-2022 Kshs Kshs	interest 0-Jun-2022 Kshs	value 30-Jun-2022 Kshs
T Bill 2245 - 364 Davs	16 000 000	13 241 280	1 625 674	14 866 954	,	,	(13 241 280)	(16,000,000)		,	,	,
T Bill 2263 - 364 Days	15,000,000	12,554,400	1,652,796	14,207,196	15.000,000	14.415.480	(26,969,880)	(30,000,000)	î		,	,
T Bill 2266 - 364 Days	10,000,000	8,305,200	933,537	9,238,737			(8,305,200)	(10,000,000)	٠		ı	,
T Bill 2272 - 364 Days	5,000,000	4,158,500	536,341	4,694,841	ť	1	(4,158,500)	(5,000,000)	r	1	r	,
T Bill 2389 - 364 Days	1	ı	, 1	ï	10,000,000	9,112,100	1		10,000,000	9,112,100	263,443	9,375,543
T Bill 2391 - 364 Days	Ţ		,	Ĩ	16,500,000	15,381,482	r		16,500,000	15,381,482	32,188	15,413,669
T Bill 2394 - 364 Days	í		ī	1	10,000,000	9,114,200	ı	,	10,000,000	9,114,200	177,647	9,291,847
T Bill 2396 - 364 Days	Ĭ		r	,	5,000,000	4,555,850		,	5,000,000	4,555,850	71,991	4,627,841
T Bill 2401 - 364 Days	Ĭ		T	,	30,000,000	27,297,600	×		30,000,000	27,297,600	178,180	27,475,780
T Bill 2402 - 364 Days	ï	ı	r	1	20,000,000	18,194,200	ı	1	20,000,000	18,194,200	84,337	18,278,537
T Bill 2404 - 364 Days		ı	ī	T	10,000,000	9,095,300	×	1	10,000,000	9,095,300	7,456	9,102,756
T Bill 2391 - 364 Days			¢	7	20,000,000	18,224,800	í	£	20,000,000	18,224,800	458,431	18,683,231
T Bill 2342 - 364 Days	,	,	·	Y	4,000,000	3,854,868	(3,854,868)	(4,000,000)			,	í
Provision for expected credit loss	1	,	-	(1,359,044)	1						-	(1,593,939)
	46,000,000	46,000,000 38,259,380	4,748,347	4,748,347 41,648,683	140,500,000	140,500,000 129,245,880 (56,529,728) (65,000,000)	(56,529,728)	(65,000,000)	121,500,000 110,975,532	110,975,532	1,273,673	1,273,673 110,655,265

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

Appendix IV - Corporate bonds

	Nominal	Č	Accrued	Dirty / mkt			Nominal	Č	Accrued	Dirty / mkt
	30-Jun-2021	30-Jun-2021 30-Jun-2021 30-Jun-2021	30-Jun-2021	value 30-Jun-2021	rurcnases nominal	urchases Furchases nominal Cost	30-Jun-2022	Value Cost Interest 80-Jun-2022 30-Jun-2022	Interest 0-Jun-2022	value 30-Jun-2022
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
EABL - Fixed medium term note (12.25%)	,	I	,	٠	7,570,000	7,570,000 7,570,000	7,570,000	7,570,000	166,691	7,736,691
Chase Bank - In receivership	7,000,000	7,000,000		7,000,000	1	,	7,000,000	7,000,000	t	7,000,000
Imperial Bank - In receivership	3,000,000	3,000,000	ı	3,000,000	x	,	3,000,000	3,000,000	,	3,000,000
Impairment - Chase Bank & Imperial Bank		,	ı	(10,000,000)	1	r	,	,	,	(10,000,000)
Provision for expected credit loss	1	,	,	,	τ	,	,	,	,	(109,861)
,,	10,000,000 10,000,000	10,000,000			7,570,000 7,570,000	7,570,000	17,570,000	17,570,000	166,691	7,626,830

Postal Corporation of Kenya Staff Pension Scheme Annual report and financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

Unrealised	Market	Market
Mkt value Purchases market	price	Value at
30-Jun-2021 at cost gain / (loss)	30-Jun-2022	30-Jun-2022
Kshs Kshs Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
,	6 702	16 527 28G
000'000'2	129	5,864,328
7,000,000	6,831	6,831 22,391,614
Kshs - (5,46; 7,000,000 (1,13) (6,59)	6,71 6,71 6,8:	Kshs 6,702 129 6,831